REPORT ON THE IMPORTANT ACTIVITIES
OF HOME DEPARTMENT FOR THE
YEAR 2014-2015
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Subject</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. POLICE ADMINISTRATION</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. PRISONS ORGANISATION</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. HOME GUARDS</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. FIRE SERVICE</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. CIVIL DEFENCE</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. JUDICIARY</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. ELECTION</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8. O.S.T.I.</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9. RAJYA SAINIK BOARD</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10. STATE GUEST HOUSE</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11. OFFICE OF THE CHIEF RESIDENT COMMISSIONER, NEW DELHI</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12. UTKAL BHAWAN, KOLKATA</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13. ODISHA BHAWAN, VASHI, NAVI MUMBAI</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14. ODISHA BHAWAN, CHENNAI</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15. DIRECTORATE OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INTRODUCTION:

Home Department plays a significant role in the State Administration by looking after maintenance of internal security, Law and Order, Public Order and prevention and prosecution of criminals. It is the administrative department for Police, Prosecution, Prisons, Fire Service and auxiliary security wings of Home Guard and Civil Defence. This Department has a vital role in coordinating and synergizing the functioning of these wings. It is also the Administrative Department of the State Secretariat Service.

Home Department has a pivotal role in the conduct of elections to the Parliament and the State Legislature. It maintains close liaison with Defence Services for Civil-Military Co-operation and for establishment of Defence Projects in the State. Home Department also maintains protocol and oversees management of State Guest House at Bhubaneswar, Odisha Bhawan, Odisha Niwas and Odisha Sadan at New Delhi, Odisha Bhawan at Navi Mumbai and Utkal Bhawan at Kolkata. It also coordinates different activities of State Government with Government of India through the office of Resident Commissioner, New Delhi. Home Department is the nodal Department for National Human Rights Commission and Odisha Human Rights Commission.
1. POLICE ADMINISTRATION:

1.1 GENERAL LAW AND ORDER SITUATION:

Overall Law and Order situation in the State remained peaceful during the year 2014.

POLITICAL ACTIVITY:

During the year 2014, political parties in the State were busy in organizing party workers meetings, public meetings, mass rallies and awareness programmes to motivate voters in their favour for the ULB Elections-2014, Simultaneous General Election-2014, By-election to Kandhamal PC & forthcoming Co-operative Society Elections. Besides, opposition political parties and their frontal organizations agitated on various issues before the Government. Due to proactive action of the police, elections in the State were held peacefully with an unprecedented increase in the voters’ turnout, amidst Naxal threats in some of the districts

COMMUNAL ACTIVITY:

The State was relatively free from any form of communal discord as highest priority was accorded towards maintenance of communal peace and amity. Major fairs and festivals of different communities were peacefully observed with religious fervor and grandeur.

Only 18 Hindu-Muslim and 01 Hindu-Christian discords were noticed in the State during the year. No single Instance of tension could escalate into a major law and order issue due to the proactive action, constant vigil and timely intervention by both the local administration and police.
INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY:

Various agitational activities against industrialization on issues relating to protection of tribal rights, land acquisition, rehabilitation, payment of compensation, employment facility, peripheral development, agriculture, environmental pollution, etc were undertaken by different outfits which were handled with caution, restraint and minimum use of force.

LABAOUR AND SERVICES ACTIVITY:

The agitations by Labour and Service organizations did not escalate into any major law and order situation. Protests demanding enhancement of wages, re-opening of factory, regularization of contractual labourers, payment of arrear dues, etc were duly addressed through discussions and reconciliation. Demands of different Teachers Associations, State Govt. Employees Associations and others were handled sympathetically by the State Government.

STUDENT ACTIVITY:

There was no State-wide student unrest during the year. Election of Students' Union held in 29th September ended on a peaceful note, barring negligible incidents of pre/post poll disturbances in some of the colleges in the State. A few incidents of students' agitation in the State were handled by the administration and police tactfully.

MISCELLANEOUS ACTIVITY:

Agitation by different Tribal Organizations demanding rights of tribals on Jal, Jungle and Jamin, distribution of pattas to landless tribals, etc., agitation by different Dalit/ women organizations protesting against alleged increase in crime against dalits and women, agitation by different voluntary/ women organizations on alleged illicit liquor trade, opening of liquor shops, etc.,
agitation by different Green Card Holders Organizations on the issue of implementation of benefits to Green Card Holders, agitation by different farmers' organizations, over exemption of agriculture loan, purchase of paddy from farmers, etc., agitation by different Bar Associations for setting up permanent High Court Bench in their respective areas surfaced on different occasions. There were also agitations by different peoples' forums for setting up IIM in their respective areas, agitation against Pollavaram Project and Lower Suktel Dam Project surfaced on different occasions. The same were handled properly with timely intervention of local administration and police.

1.2 LEFT WING EXTREMISM IN ODISHA:

There was substantial improvement in the overall situation in the State in the year 2014 in terms of decline in the intensity of Maoist activity / violence and its popular mass support at the ground level. There was perceptible improvement in the situation in the districts like Jajpur, Dhenkanal, Keonjhar, Mayurbhanj, Gajapati, Ganjam, Nabarangpur, Sambalpur, Deogarh, Sundargarh and Nayagarh during the year. In spite of poll boycott call by the Maoists, the Simultaneous General Elections was conducted smoothly in the LWE affected areas with high voter turnout, which was indicative of the declining Maoist influence in the respective districts.

Seventy six LWE related incidents were reported in the State in the year 2014 in which twenty civilians and six hardcore LWE cadres lost their lives. However, Security forces did not suffer any casualty in the State during the year.

Proactive action taken by the security forces to deal with the LWE problem resulted in the arrest of 71 LWE cadres including most wanted Sabyasachi Panda (leader of Odisha Maobadi Party) and Tella Anil Kumar (State Committee Member, Andhra – Odisha Border Special Zonal Committee)
and recovery of a record number of 143 weapons including 34 quality weapons. Besides, 99 LWE cadres / militia surrendered in the State during the year 2014 including the most wanted Nachika Linga (leader of Chasi Mulia Adivasi Sangha). Sabyasachi Panda led Odisha Maobadi Party was virtually marginalized and the activities of Chasi Mulia Adivasi Sangha in Narayanpatna - Bandhugaon axis of Koraput District were contained significantly during the year.

1.3 CRIME SITUATION:

93,657 cognizable cases, 1,450 murder cases, 554 dacoity, 1,828 robbery, 4082 burglary, 9410 theft, 2267 swindling cases have been reported during the year 2014. Similarly 1,732 cases of rioting, 2,011 cases of rape have also been reported during the year 2014. 9,648 cases of motor vehicle accident as well as 60,675 miscellaneous cases have also been reported during the year 2014.

1.4 MODERNISATION OF POLICE FORCE:

The State has been allocated with Rs.710.87 crores under Modernization of State Police Forces Scheme during the period from 2000-01 to 2013-14. Out of this, a sum of Rs.686.65 crore i.e. almost 97% of the allocated amount has already been utilized.

The funds allocated are being spent on improving the mobility of the State Police (Procurement of new vehicles including Bullet Proof Vehicles), acquisition of advanced weaponry, improving communication, improving as well as modernization of training facilities (purchase of training equipments including Cyber Crime investigation equipment), acquisition of new techniques/equipment for crime detection like Legal Interception unit, acquisition of advanced equipment for forensic examination, acquisition of modern equipments for bomb detection and disposal and anti-sabotage check, acquisition of modern
equipments for police including traffic police (purchase of night vision devices, modern control room, CCTV based City surveillance system) and construction of non Residential and Residential buildings required by the State Police.

Further, Rs.76.50 crores have been allocated to the State under the Scheme of Modernization of Police Force for the year of 2014-15.

1.5 STATE FORENSIC SCIENCE LABORATORY:

The State Forensic Science Laboratory at Rasulgarh, BBSR and three Regional Forensic Laboratories at Berhampur, Sambalpur and Balasore undertake chemical examinations of Physical clues collected from the scene of crime/ victim/ accused/ deceased. The results of chemical examinations are furnished in the form of examination reports for aiding in detection of Crime and prosecution of offenders. Besides, 15 district F.S.Ls. are functioning at each undivided Police District headquarters. Seven specialised divisions are functioning in the State F.S.L. namely Physics, Ballistics, Chemistry, Toxicology, Biology, Serology and Lie Detection Division.

Over the years, the laboratory has been contributing meaningfully by visiting scenes of crime and submitting Chemical Examination Reports to the Courts.

Considering the importance of forensic science in criminal justice delivery system, the Government has taken some major steps to improve the infrastructure and the technical facilities of the laboratory along with creation of posts of scientists. 107 regular and 111 contractual posts of the scientific personnel have been created to cater to the work load and start new disciplines, such as DNA profiling and Cyber Forensics. During 2014, there has been marked progress in overall performance of the laboratory which
includes Central Computerized Reporting system, improved power conditions and substantial increase in examination of cases. The laboratory has adopted use of new instruments such as, ICPOES, Gas Chromatography and other equipment for examining cases.

The State Forensic Science Laboratory has conducted several training programmes for Police Officers, members of the Judicial Services and Public Prosecutors. The scientists of this organisation are frequently visiting training Institutions, such as Biju Pattnaik State Police Academy, State Judicial Academy, etc. to highlight the ever increasing role of scientific crime investigation in prevention, detection and investigation of crimes and administration of justice.

1.6 STATE CRIME RECORDS BUREAU:

State Crime Records Bureau (SCRB) was created on 23.07.1988 consisting of the erstwhile Police Computer Center and Finger Print Bureau.

Now the Crime and Criminal Tracking Network and System is under implementation throughout the country including Odisha. In Odisha, CCTNS Project will cover 784 locations including 579 Police Stations, 110 SDPO/ACP Offices, 36 SP/DCP Offices, 7 Range offices, 1 Railway Range office, 37 Police Control Rooms, Office of the Commissioner of Police, Crime Branch, EOW, STF, State Intelligence Wing, Operations Wing, State Police Head Quarters and other Higher Police offices of Odisha.

Till 31.12.2014, out of 784 locations, Site survey in 775 locations & Site Preparation in 767 locations have been completed. Computers, UPS, Printers and other peripherals have been delivered at 780 locations and installation completed in 761 locations. Network Connectivity has been provided in 705 locations.
A common Core Application Software (CAS) for the whole Country has been recently developed by National Crime Records Bureau (NCRB) centrally. The Odisha specific state customization of above software is currently in progress.

Data Centre infrastructure has been set up at State Data Centre in Odisha Computer Application Centre (OCAC) for hosting the Core Application Software, while installation of Disaster Recovery Centre (DRC) is in progress at National Data Centre, New Delhi.

44 Training centres have been established to provide training to Police Personnel.

Under CCTNS Project, Solar energy backup system will be installed at 161 Power Deficit Police Stations through OREDA, Bhubaneswar at a cost of Rs.6,57,23,700/- from Police Modernization fund.

A “Citizen Portal” has been launched on a Pilot Basis as part of CCTNS project in July, 2014. It will enable citizens to make their complaints online, know the progress of criminal cases and service requests made by them without making repeated trips to Police Stations.

Out of 581 Police Stations taken up under CCTNS Project, 555 Police Stations are using the Core Application Software including 27 on off line mode.

During the year 2014, out of 93468 FIRs registered in the state, 77566 FIRs (82%) have been registered in CCTNS Project.

1.7 STATE FINGER PRINT BUREAU:

Finger Print Units are functioning in 32 Districts since 2002 and since 2008, with 06 AFIS (Automated Finger Print Indentified System) Work
Stations at SCRIB; AFIS (Remote Query Terminal) RQTs have been installed in 34 Police Districts including SsRP, Cuttack & Rourkela and 1 at CID Hdqrs.

During this year, Finger Print Slips of 198 convicts were classified and digitized in Finger Print Bureau. The total record of convict in the Bureau Records stands at 50,994.

During this year, FP Slips of 9,209 arrestees were digitized, searched and recorded, out of which Finger Print Slips of 1254 were traced with previous convictions / involvement in crime and result has been communicated to the Districts. The total record of arrestees in AFIS Data Base stands at 1,27,515.

Finger Print Slips of 1,77,870 convicts and arrestees and 5,507 unidentified Chance Finger Prints have been digitized and stored in AFIS Central Database.

Finger Print Slips of 198 convicts and 9,093 arrestees have been sent to National Crime Records Bureau, New-Delhi for search and record during this year.

A total 340 Cases (Scene of Crime Chance Print Cases- 332, Government Cases-06 and Private Cases- 02) were received during the year 2014 for examination and opinion.

During RPF Constable Recruitment, 27 fake candidates have been identified through Finger Print Examination at the spot.

Training on Finger Print Science has been imparted to 459 Police Officers during this year.

ACHIEVEMENTS:

In 23 cases, 38 Chance Finger Prints collected from the scene of crime have been successfully identified with the criminals and results have been
promptly communicated to District Authorities which helped the Investigating Officers in investigation.

In 07 cases (05 Govt. cases & 02 Civil cases), criminals have been successfully identified through Finger Print which helped in prosecution of the cases.

1.8 HAND WRITING BUREAU:

Documents relating to various Crimes such as embezzlement, murder, misappropriation of funds and circulation of fake currency, crime relating to dowry, kidnapping and conspiracy against State, etc. are examined in the Handwriting Bureau functioning under CID, Crime Branch, Odisha, Cuttack. Besides, documents received directly from various Courts and Departmental authorities are also examined in the Bureau and expert opinions are furnished. The experts working in the Bureau help the investigating officers, Courts and various Departments in providing proper guidelines in the cases where documents are involved. During the year 2014, 139 Police cases involving 21,561 exhibits have been examined and expert opinion furnished. Besides, 1260 exhibits in 33 non-Police cases referred by various judicial courts and departmental authorities of Govt. of Odisha have been examined and expert opinions furnished.

1.9 PHOTO BUREAU:

State Photo Bureau, Rasulgarh, Bhubaneswar have prepared 1535 photographs of Finger Print in 520 cases, document photographs in 103 handwriting cases, 55 photo identity cards of police personnel during 2014. Besides, the officers of Bureau have conducted Videography on 143 occasions during law and order situations, checked media personnel and their equipments from security point of view at 7 different places during visit of VIPs. During this year, 528 Police Personnel have been trained on photography by this Bureau.
1.10 DOG SQUAD:

Odisha Police Detective Dog Squad is functioning under the State CID, CB since 1961. Besides, Dog Squad is functioning in 28 districts. During the year 2014, tracker dogs were utilised in 923 cases and clues have been furnished in 367 cases. In 48 cases, the dogs have done a commendable job in which the culprits have been arrested and the properties have been recovered. Besides, the explosive sniffer dogs were utilised on 1336 occasions during VIP visit, raids, law and order and other naxal situations. In 3 cases, the sniffer dogs had traced the explosive substances in Mayurbhanj District.

1.11 SIGNALS:

With a view to assist police administration in maintenance of law and order and to curb Naxal activities, 3 HF/RT Stations were installed at 2nd IR Bn., Rayagada, 4th IR Bn., Deogarh and 5th IR Bn., Boudh. 12 Static VHF Stations and 23 Mobile VHF sets were installed permanently in different P.Ss, Mobile vehicles and P.C.R. Vehicles in the State. 15 VHF Stations were installed for communication in flood affected areas of the State from June to November, 2014. To assist Police Administration in maintenance of law and order during festive occasions, VVIP/ VIP visits, etc. 5220 Static/ Mobile VHF sets and 5425 W/T sets were temporarily deployed in a phased manner.

At present, 150 pigeons are available in 2 pigeon centres i.e. at Central Breeding Loft, Cuttack and PTC, Angul. These pigeons are kept ready for deployment during State Level Functions/ Ceremonial Parade in the State to glorify peace and harmony. The pigeons were released on 32 occasions in the State Level Functions.
1.12 POLICE MOTOR TRANSPORT:

This organization deals with Police vehicles of whole State with its Hdqrs. at Cuttack having Range Workshops at Sambalpur, Berhampur and two Regional Workshops at Rourkela, Koraput and 17 Miniature Workshops at different Dists. / Battalion Hdqrs.

The present M.V. Fleet position of Odisha Police upto December 2014 is furnished below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Heavy Vehicle</th>
<th>Medium Vehicle</th>
<th>Light Vehicle</th>
<th>Motor Cycle</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>624</td>
<td>2121</td>
<td>2485</td>
<td>5532</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

During the year 2014, about 65,044 Major and 1,02,431 minor repair works were under taken at P.M.T. Hdqrs. Cuttack, Range Workshops Sambalpur and Berhampur, Regional Workshops at Rourkela and Koraput and 17 Miniature Workshops at Dists. / Battalion Hdqrs. level.

Altogether 324 condemned Police Vehicles of different make have been auctioned for the year 2014 up to December 2014 and Rs. 1,33,73,644/- (Rupees One Crore Thirty Three Lakhs Seventy Three Thousand Six Hundred Forty Four) only has been collected towards sale proceeds and deposited in the Treasury.

1.13 HUMAN RIGHTS PROTECTION CELL:

Home Department is the nodal Department in respect of NHRC and OHRC Cases. It coordinates with other Departments / organisations for compliance of recommendations of Hon’ble NHRC and OHRC in time. Besides, NHRC cases and OHRC cases relating to the Department are also dealt in. A
camp sitting of National Human Rights Commission was organized by the Department during the month of November, 2014 at Bhubaneswar in which number of NHRC cases were heard and disposed.

The State HRPC is a Specialized Wing of the State Police, it monitors the investigation of dowry related cases such as dowry homicide, dowry suicide, dowry torture and non-dowry torture, atrocity on SCs/STs and deaths in Police custody. It acts as the Nodal Agency for the National Human Rights Commission, Odisha Human Rights Commission, National Commission for Women, State Commission for Women, National Commission for SCs, National Commission for STs etc. by submitting relevant statistical information as and when required. Moreover, the petitions relating to atrocity on women and members of SCs and STs are either enquired into or the petition enquiries are monitored by State HRPC.

Besides, a Family Counseling Centre of Social Advisory Board is attached to State HRPC to render counseling to the victims as well as accused persons in cases of dowry and non-dowry torture to restore conjugal life. During the year 2014, the family counseling centre has received 174 complaints on dowry torture, extra marital relations, mal adjustments with in-laws/husband, personal differences, economic crisis, alcoholism etc. Out of 174 complaints, 112 complaints were disposed of and remaining 62 complaints are under counseling.

During the year 2014, the State HRPC has taken up investigation of 7 cases of dowry torture and atrocity on SCs/STs out of which 2 cases are charge sheeted and 5 cases are under investigation.

During the year 296 grievance petitions were received in the State HRPC, out of which 126 petitions were disposed of by taking appropriate legal action and remaining 170 petitions are under enquiry by concerned districts Ss.P.
During the year, 485 complaints were received from National Human Rights Commission, New Delhi, out of which 419 have been disposed of by taking appropriate action and the remaining 66 are under enquiry by the concerned district Ss.P. The State HRPC being the Nodal Agency is pursuing with different authorities to expedite action taken reports within the stipulated time fixed by the NHRC.

During the year, 95 complaint petitions were received in State HRPC, out of which 94 have been disposed of by taking appropriate action and one is under enquiry by the concerned district S.P.

The Govt. of Odisha has set up Mahila and Sishu Desk in each P.S. of the State to provide the legal redressal to women and child victims. For this purpose, training programmes were undertaken to sensitize the officers/men attached to the Desks. Government have created 537 posts of Sub-Inspector of Police for smooth functioning of Mahila and Sishu Desks in different Police Stations of the State and 2302 Police Personnel have received training in coordination with the W & C.D. Department.

In order to prevent trafficking of women and children, twelve integrated anti-human trafficking units are functioning in different parts of the State. Further, Government have sanctioned 25 more integrated anti-human trafficking units to cover all the districts of the State.

1.14 TRAINING:

The following training institutions are functioning for training of Police Officers and Policemen.

(i) Biju Patnaik State Police Academy, Bhubaneswar.
(ii) Police Training College, Angul.
(iii) Police Training School, Nayagarh.
(iv) Police Training Institute, Byree.
(v) Urban Police & Traffic Training Institute, Bhubaneswar.
(vi) Odisha Armed Police Training Centre, Jharsuguda.
(vii) S.O.G. Training Centre, Chandaka, Bhubaneswar.
1.15 COASTAL SECURITY:

The aim and objective of Coastal Security is to check the export/import of illegal arms, contraband articles in sea route, infiltration, unauthorized fishing, entry of antinational elements and to guard against vital installations along the sea coast. After 26/11 Mumbai attack priority on Coastal Security was given by way of sanctioning more numbers of Marine Police Stations on the Indian Coast to strengthen the Coastal Security System.

In Phase-I (2005-2011) 5 Marine Police Stations were sanctioned to be located at Paradeep in Jagatsinghpur district, Balaramgadi in Balasore district, Dhamra in Bhadrak district, Jamboo in Kendrapara district and Arjipalli in Ganjam district and in Phase-II, 13 Marine Police Stations at Talasari and Kashaphala in Balasore district, Kasia and Chudamani in Bhadrak district, Talachua and Tantiapala in Kendrapara district, Bandar and Sandhakuda in Jagatsinghpur district, Astaranga, Arakhakuda, Penthakata and Ramchandi in Puri district and Sonapur in Ganjam district have been sanctioned to be made operational within 2011-2016. All the Marine Police Stations sanctioned in the initial phase have been made functional in their own buildings except Paradeep which is functioning in a building provided by P.P.T Authorities.

In the meantime 12 marine police stations out of the 2nd phase sanction have been made functional in rented accommodation while one marine police station at Bandar in Jagatsinghpur district is functioning in its own building.

1.16 ODISHA STATE POLICE HOUSING AND WELFARE CORPORATION:

During the Financial Year 2013-14, the Odisha State Police Housing & Welfare Corporation posted a turnover of Rs.323.00 Crore registering a growth of 32% over the previous fiscal.
The Corporation has taken up construction of 70 upgraded Police Stations in the LWE affected areas across the State out of which 21 are already completed. It is also engaged in construction of accommodation for BSF and CRPF personnel in highly sensitive districts of Malkangiri, Rayagada & Gajapati and other 15 SRE Police Districts of the State.

The Corporation has installed State-of-the-art CCTV city surveillance system with modern control room in the city of Bhubaneswar and developing same type of city surveillance system at Puri which shall be made functional before the Navakalebar.

Construction of 21 new sub jails were completed and and 5 others are under construction at Boudh, Bhanjanagar, Basta, Athagarh & Bhadrak. In addition to this, construction of 151 Fire Station buildings has been completed.

Training Institute at Koraput and Burla have been taken up by the Corporation to increase the training capacity of Odisha Police. In the social development sector, the Corporation has taken up two Ekalabya Model Residential Schools for ST students at Malkangiri and Nuapada and similar schools are being taken up at Bolangir, Kalahandi and Mayurbhanj Districts.

The Corporation has constructed and handed over two Foot Suspension Bridges across Bansadhara & Nagavali River at Gudari and K.Singhpur in the district of Rayagada during the year 2013-14.

Besides, the Corporation has taken up construction of 456 Dwelling Units (G+3) Storied building for slum people at Tulasipur and Andarpur under IHSDP projects Phase-II of Cuttack City.

1.17 Nabakalebar-2015:

A large number of projects are under execution by Government of Odisha for infrastructure development and strengthening of existing facilities to provide services and amenities on a larger scale to the lakhs of devotees visiting Puri.
during Nabakalebar 2015. Funds have also been provided for various arrangements including Modern Police Control room at Puri. In order to ensure safety and security of the massive gathering during Nabakalebara, the intelligence wing of the District Police has been strengthened. Besides, temporary accommodations, construction of new bus stands, development of new parking places are being done for the benefit of the tourists and pilgrims.

CHAPTER-II

2. PRISONS ORGANISATION:
    As Correctional Administration is an important part of Criminal Justice System, all out efforts have been undertaken to modernize and upgrade the Prison Administration.

2) Tackling overcrowding in Jails:
    The problem of overcrowding has been substantially reduced through enhancement of accommodation capacity of Jails

3) Improving the Security of Prisons:
    Government have made a provision of Rs.137.79 lakh under State Plan during the year 2014-15 for installation of CCTV system in 14 Jails and Rs.138.98 lakh under 13\textsuperscript{th} F.C.A. during the year 2014-15 for expansion of CCTV in 04 Jails and installation of CCTV systems in 05 Jails respectively. Government have provisioned an amount of Rs.60.89 lakh under 13\textsuperscript{th} F.C.A. for the year 2014-15 for installation of V.C. System in 07 Jails with corresponding courts and Prisons Directorate. Installation of the same is going on and to be completed soon.

- Security in the Prisons located in LWE areas has been upgraded by raising the height of the perimeter walls.
- Provision of installation of High mast lights in 50 Jails during 2014-15 to improve the peripheral lighting system.
4) Health Care of the Prisoners:
   - Construction work of 30 Bedded Hospital at Berhampur Circle Jail and Sambalpur Circle Jail has been undertaken for better health care of sick prisoners in Jails.
   - Sanitation and water Supply facilities have been taken up in Jails to improve the living condition of the prisoners.

5) Construction of Open Air Jail:
   - Construction of Open Air Jail at Jujumura in Sambalpur District is under progress. A sum of Rs.508.21 lakhs has been provided for the Open Air Jail at Basta in Balasore District and the work is under progress.

6) Functioning of New Sub-Jails:
   New Sub-Jails at Patrapur, Kashipur MV-79, Laxmipur & Kantabanjhi are expected to become functional very soon.

7) New Model Convict Jails:
   Construction of 02 New Model Convict Jails with capacity of 500 each in Sundargarh and Cuttack District has been taken up.

8) Shifting of Jail:
   For construction and shifting of Spl. Jail, Boudh, Bhanjanagar & Bhadrak, funds have been placed with OSPH&WC Ltd. Bhubaneswar for its completion.

9) Premature release and mercy:
   On the recommendation of the “State Sentence Review Board” and “Mercy Review Board” held during the year 2014, 28 convicts have been released prematurely respectively.
10) Training of Jail Staff:
    • 101 newly recruited warders are undergoing Basic Training at Odisha Jail Training School, Berhampur from 01.08.2014.
    • One day Refresher Training Programme for Custodial and Correctional officers was organized at Prisons Directorate on 04.08.2014.

11) Enhancement of Allowance:
    • Enhancement of the Special Monotonous Allowance from Rs.100/- to Rs.400/- per month to the Jail Personnel from the rank of Warder to Jailor as per Home Department Resolution No.9886 dated 04.03.2014.

12) Recruitment of Warders:
    • Inclusion of the post of Jail Warder under Scheduled-II appended to Odisha Sub-Ordinate Staff Selection Commission Rules-2012 for conducting recruitment of the post of warder by way of competitive examination through the Odisha Sub-Ordinate Staff Selection Commission.

CHAPTER - III

3. HOME GUARDS:

The Odisha Home Guards Organization which was created on 11.11.1961 has been rendering valuable auxiliary service to the State Police and Fire Service. Home Guards Volunteers assist the Police and Fire Stations in many ways by acting as force multipliers.

The present sanctioned strength of Home guards volunteer is 17,675 out of which 144 Home Guards have been designated as lifeguards for beaches in Puri, Konark and Gopalpur.
Government have enhanced the DCA sum Rs.200/- to Rs.220/- per month and declared Home Guards as an Auxiliary Fire Force u/s 6 of the Odisha Fire Service Act, 1993.

8 Home Guards have been awarded with the President’s Medal for Meritorious Service and 2 with Home Guard & Civil Defence Medal for Distinguished Service during the year 2014.

CHAPTER - IV

4. FIRE SERVICE:

The Odisha Fire Service is a public utility service and is rendering valuable service by protecting the lives and properties of the public from hazards as well as natural calamities and extending necessary fire protection measures in different fairs & festivals, law & order and V.I.P & V.V.I.P. duties in the State. At present 263 Fire Stations are functioning in the State.

During the year 2014-15 as many as 15229 Fire Calls and 11008 Special Service calls have been successfully attended in which 50 human lives and 801 cattle lives were saved from Fire and properties worth Rs 235,64,80,560 have been protected by Odisha Fire Service personnel. 6 Fire Service personnel have been awarded with Meritorious Service & Distinguished Service Awards for their performance.

Apart from the above, Odisha Fire Service has done commendable rescue and restoration work in the neighboring Andhra Pradesh during the severe cyclonic storm “HUD-HUD” which was highly appreciated by the public and press and the Government of Andhra Pradesh.
During 2014 Odisha Fire Service Training Institute, Bhubaneswar has successfully conducted training of 861 personnel of various ranks. At present, 306 Recruit Firemen are undergoing training at O.F.S.T.I., Bhubaneswar.

To further strengthen Odisha Fire Service, steps are being taken for establishment of 72 new Fire Stations in the uncovered Blocks of the State.

CHAPTER - V

5. CIVIL DEFENCE:

The mandate of Civil Defence has since been changed from being an organization that only prepares citizens to face hostile enemy attacks to include preparing citizens in responding to disasters, both natural and manmade. While retaining its primary role and character, the Civil Defence Act, 1968 has been amended suitably in the year 2009 to include "Disaster Management" as an additional role of Civil Defence Corps.

Civil Defence activities are now being undertaken in the districts of Angul, Khurda, Jagatsinghpur, Kendrapada, Dhenkanal, Balasore, Bhadrak, Koraput and Sundargarh. A Civil Defence State Training Institute is now under construction within the premises of OFSTI. Recently, a new scheme for mainstreaming Civil Defence in Disaster Risk Reduction has also been launched and two more districts like Puri and Ganjam have been declared as the multi hazard prone districts.

Civil Defence is now undertaking various disaster response training programmes for the volunteers on life saving skills and response mechanism like basic life support, search and rescue, fire fighting etc. with the Fire Service personnel as both the organizations have been integrated. This year 278 Fire
Service Officers (in the rank of AFOs/SoS/ASOs) have been trained on Civil Defence Orientation Training Programme with the ultimate objective of raising and training at least 1% of the population of the respective habitations as community volunteers with in a period of 5 years.

CHAPTER – VI

6. JUDICIARY:

6.1 ORISSA HIGH COURT

The following achievements have been made in respect of computerization of Courts during the year 2014-15.

- Implementation of Online Application System for different recruitments in Orissa High Court.
- Digitization of Case Records in Orissa High Court.
- Implementation of Case Information System (CIS) Application Software
- Installation of Digital Case Information Display Board in Orissa High Court.
- Website www.ohcdb.in for knowing the status of the Cases.
- “Certified Copy Status” module in the website of Orissa High Court.
- “Defect List Module” in the website of Orissa High Court.
- Visitors’ Pass facility software in Orissa High Court.
- Installation of 3 information KIOSKs.
- Provision of Laptops and Laser Printers to the Judicial Officers of the State under e-Courts Project.
- Regular training to Judicial Officers on UBUNTU 12.04 at the State Judicial Academy.
- Training to Court staff on Case Information System (CIS) Software.
• Migration of CIS, Delhi Version to CIS, Pune Version at almost all the District and Subordinate Court complexes of the State.
• Creation of Website of all the District Courts.

6.3 ODISHA JUDICIAL ACADEMY:

Odisha Judicial Academy is under the administrative control of the Judicial Academy & Training Committee duly constituted by Hon’ble Chief Justice of Orissa High Court who is the Patron-in-Chief of this Academy. It is one of the Heads of Department under the Home Department with independent budget provision.

The Academy is now fully functional in its new building with its adjacent auditorium. Both Refresher and Induction training is being carried out for Judicial Officers apart from training of Public Prosecutors.

During 2014-15 (April-November, 2014), 810 Judicial Officers including staff of higher and subordinate judiciary and 250 Public Prosecutors have been trained in the Academy.

CHAPTER-VII

7. ELECTION:
Revision of Electoral Roll:

Special Summary Revision of Electoral Rolls with reference to 01.01.2015 as the qualifying date was taken up in the State with publication of Draft Electoral Roll, 2015 on 15.10.2014. Final Publication of Electoral Rolls in respect of all 30 districts of the State was made on 05.01.2015. During this process 9,69,391 electors were added in the Electoral Roll whereas 2,68,691 dead/shifted/repeated electors were deleted from the Roll.
Election:

Simultaneous General Election to Lok Sabha and Odisha Legislative Assembly, 2014 were conducted peacefully in the State in two phases on 10.04.2014 and 17.04.2014 in 147 Assembly Constituencies and 21 Parliamentary Constituencies through EVMs. Due to massive voter awareness campaign under SVEEP, the voters turn out was the highest ever i.e. 73.79%. Besides the above, Bye-Elections to 13-Kandhamal Parliamentary Constituency was also conducted on 15.10.2014 peacefully. The election to Rajya Sabha for 3 seats was conducted properly on 19.06.2014 (for one seat) and on 03.07.2014 (for two seats) in two phases.

CHAPTER – VIII

8.1 THE ODISHA SECRETARIAT TRAINING INSTITUTE, BHUBANESWAR:

The Secretariat Training Institute, Bhubaneswar has been functioning in the State since 1960 for imparting in-service training to the Assistants working in different Departments of Government with a view to increase the work efficiency at the Secretariat level. The duration of the training is 4 (four) months and the training is compulsory. Recently Government in Home Department have decided to reorganize the O.S.T.I. in the pattern of ISTM, New Delhi. A batch of trainees from different Departments of Secretariat will be sponsored for undergoing training shortly.

8.2 THE ODISHA SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTE, BHUBANESWAR:

This is a training Institute functioning under the control of Home Department since 1963 to impart training on Shorthand and Typewriting in English for the unemployed S.C. & S.T. graduates. The Private Secretaries,
Personal Assistants, Stenographers, Clerks and Typists of the Departments of Odisha Secretariat and other State and Central Government offices are also trained in the Institute in Odia Shorthand & Typewriting in computer (Leap Office). The Institute also renders relevant technical assistance as and when required to different offices/ agencies of State/ Central Governments for selection of candidates for employment/ promotion in their offices.

53 clerks and typists and 3 Stenographers of the State Government have been given training in Odia typewriting in computer (Leap Office) and Odia Stenography respectively during the year.

8.3 RECRUITMENT:

Odisha Public Service Commission has been requested to take steps for recruitment of 800 (eight hundred) Assistant Section Officer (ASOs) for different departments of State Secretariat.

CHAPTER-IX

9. RAJYA SAINIK BOARD:

The strength of Ex-Servicemen in the state of Odisha is 39178 (ESM-36017+ Widows 3161) as on 20 Dec 2014. Achievements of the Sainik Board during the financial year 2014-15 are given below:

- ECHS polyclinics at Koraput and Bhawanipatna are being made functional by 28 Feb 2015.
- Distribution of Rs.2,85,484/- to 38 veteran Ex-Servicemen/Widows towards 2nd World War Veteran pension @ Rs. 1000/-p.m.
- Employment Assistance to 591 Ex-Servicemen in various public sector Banks, Central Govt and Private sectors in 2014.
CHAPTER-X

10.1 STATE GUEST HOUSE:

State Guest House, Bhubaneswar has 57 rooms including one VVIP room and two VIP rooms. The capacity of guest days is 20,705.

10.2 Office of the Chief Resident Commissioner, New Delhi:

The office of the Chief Resident Commissioner, Government of Odisha at New Delhi functions as an integrated office. It coordinates with various Ministries of the Central Government, Central PSUs, Multi-lateral and Bilateral Agencies and various other organizations on behalf of Government of Odisha. The integrated office in Delhi facilitates flow of central resources, co-ordinates and supervises various strategic tasks and helps to create a favourable investment friendly image of Odisha. In addition, the Odisha Investment and Export Promotion Office (OIEPO) in the Office of the Chief Resident Commissioner undertakes various investment and export promotion activities for Odisha.

Some significant activities undertaken and achievements of 2014 are as follows:

1. Utkal Dibas, 2014 was organized by this office in Satya Sai International Centre in a befitting manner.

2. Coordination of “AT HOME” in Rashtrapati Bhawan on 9th August, 2014 in which 5 Freedom Fighters from the State of Odisha were honoured.

3. Compilation of briefs received from various Departments of Government of Odisha and circulate the same amongst Hon’ble Members of Parliament before every session of the Parliament.
4. Repatriation of 15 Odia children from New Delhi to Rayagda District, Odisha.

5. Promotion of handlooms of Odisha by facilitating the sale-cum-exhibition organized by Boyanika in Odisha Bhawan from 23.05.2014 to 15.06.2014 & 22.09.2014 to 22.10.2014.

6. Tracking & Monitoring of all pending cases in Supreme Court of India, High Court of Delhi and other quasi Judicial Forums in Delhi.

7. Several cases relating to rescue and repatriation of migrant workers from Odisha in foreign countries have been dealt with by this office. Evacuation of several Odias from Iraq and all arrangements relating to their stay and onward travel was organized by this office.

8. Participated in the India International Trade Fair-2014 as part of ‘Team Odisha’ and assisted in participation and during celebration of State Day. Odisha Pavilion in IITF-2014 was awarded the Silver Medal by India Trade Promotion Organisation.

9. Odisha Sadan, Dwarka, New Delhi has been fully operated.

10. During Hudhud PRC's office has coordinated matters relating to relief & rescue measures with Cabinet Secretariat, MHA, India Meteorological Department (IMD) and the Tri-Services, GOI. The office assisted in sending emergency medicines to Odisha for the purpose.

11. Odisha Handicrafts Fair- 2014 (16th to 30th September, 2014) was organized by Odisha State Co-operative Handicraft Corporation at Delhi Haat to promote Odisha Handicraft.
12. OIEPO coordinated the participation of Department of Agriculture, MSME, Fisheries & ARD, Panchayati Raj in the Agri Tech India 2014 from 22nd-24th August, 2014 at Bengaluru.

13. OIEPO coordinated the participation of various departments in Annapoorna World Food of India organization by FICCI in Mumbai from 24th-26th September, 2014.

14. Non-Resident Odia (NRO) Cell has been operational in November, 2014 to engage with Odia diaspora across the world. The objective is to network with Odias to promote Odisha as a favourable destination for investment.

10.3 UTKAL BHAWAN, KOLKATA:

The Utkal Bhawan, Kolkata has 68 beds in 28 (twenty eight) rooms. There are 6(six) A/C Special Rooms, 11(eleven) ordinary A/C double bedded rooms and 2(two) single bedded A/C rooms.

10.4. ODISHA BHAWAN, VASHI, NAVI MUMBAI:

The Odisha Bhawan, Vashi, Navi Mumbai was inaugurated by the Hon’ble Chief Minister, Odisha on 30.10.2010.

An ambulance has been provided to meet the need of Odia patients staying at Odisha Bhawan, Navi Mumbai for their to and fro journey to different Hospitals at Mumbai.

One Tourist Office, a Show Room of Sambalpuri Bastralaya and a Show Room of Utkalika are functioning inside the premises of Odisha Bhawan, Navi Mumbai for promoting handlooms and handicrafts of the State.
10.5. ODISHA BHAWAN, CHENNAI

Odisha Industrial Infrastructure Development Corporation (IDCO) has been entrusted with the work for construction of Odisha Bhawan at Chennai.

An amount of Rs.2,00,00,000/- has been allocated in the 1st Supplementary Budget Estimate for the year 2012-13 for its construction of Odisha Bhawan at Chennai.

CHAPTER-XI

11. DIRECTORATE OF PUBLIC PROSECUTIONS:

The Directorate of Public Prosecutions, Odisha was created in the year 1982 to monitor the performance of the prosecution system. The Government introduced the System of cadre Prosecutors on test basis in the year 2001 along with the contractual appointees.

To strengthen the Criminal Justice delivery system the Public Prosecutor, Addl. Public Prosecutor and Asst. Public Prosecutor are regularly attending training programmes in Odisha Judicial Academy, Cuttack being nominated by this Directorate.

For full-phased cadre based system, Odisha Public Service Commission has completed the recruitment process for selection of Addl. Public Prosecutors and Asst. Public Prosecutors.